

*Amendments to the Claims*

The listing of claims below will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the present application.

*Claim Listing*

1           1. (Original) A method of decoding an error-correction code in a data signal,  
2 comprising the steps of:  
3           receiving the data signal at a decoding unit;  
4           computing a plurality of syndromes associated with the data signal using the  
5           decoding unit;  
6           generating an error polynomial from the data signal using one or more Galois  
7           field multiply accumulators each of which contains a Galois field  
8           multiplier feeding a Galois field adder; and  
9           locating errors within the data signal using the error polynomial.

1           2. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein the Galois field multiplier operates  
2 in a multiply pass-through mode by selecting a "1" value as an operand input.

1           3. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein the Galois field adder operates in  
2 an addition pass-through mode by selecting a "0" value as an operand input.

1           4. (Original) The method of Claim 1 further comprising the steps of:  
2 detecting a zero operand of the Galois field multiply accumulator; and  
3 setting a zero operand latch in response to said detecting step.

1           5. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said computing, extracting, and  
2 locating steps use a Bose-Chaudhuri-Hocquenghem (BCH) code.

1           6. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said computing steps computes  $2t$   
2 syndromes, where  $t$  is a number of correctable errors which the error-correcting code can  
3 correct.

1           7. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said computing step uses a linear  
2 feedback register to compute the syndromes.

1           8. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said computing step includes the  
2 steps of:  
3           dividing a received code word in the data signal by a minimal Galois polynomial;  
4           and  
5           evaluating a remainder from said dividing step.

1           9. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said generating step generates the  
2 error polynomial based on no more than six equations having no more than two branch  
3 decisions.

1           10. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said generating step includes the  
2 step of the Galois field multiply accumulator performing a Galois field  
3 multiply/accumulate operation in a single clock cycle.

1           11. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said generating step includes the  
2 step of calculating correction terms using the Galois field multiply accumulators based on  
3 the syndromes.

1           12. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said locating step locates the  
2 errors by determining roots of the error polynomial which correspond to error locations.

1           13. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim ~~11~~ 1 wherein said locating step  
2 uses Chien's algorithm to search for the error location numbers.

1           14. (Original) A method of determining an error polynomial for decoding a  
2 Bose-Chaudhuri-Hocquenghem (BCH) code, comprising the steps of:  
3           computing a plurality of syndromes associated with a data signal having a BCH  
4           code embedded therein;

5 feeding the syndromes to a plurality of Galois field multiply accumulators;  
6 calculating a plurality of minimum-degree polynomials associated with the BCH  
7 code, using the Galois field multiply accumulators; and  
8 generating an error polynomial based on the minimum-degree polynomials.

1 15. (Original) The method of Claim 14 wherein said calculating step includes the  
2 step of calculating a plurality of coefficients of at least one of the minimum-degree  
3 polynomials.

1 16. (Original) The method of Claim 14 wherein each of the plurality of Galois  
2 field multiply accumulators represents a different power of the error polynomial.

1 17. (Original) The method of Claim 14 wherein said calculating step includes the  
2 step of computing a first correction term using at least one of the Galois field multiply  
3 accumulators, the first correction term being equal to a first one of the syndromes.

1 18. (Original) The method of Claim 17 wherein said calculating step includes the  
2 step of computing a second correction term using at least one of the Galois field multiply  
3 accumulators, the second correction term being equal to the sum of a product of the first  
4 syndrome with a second one of the syndromes, and a third one of the syndromes.

1 19. (Original) The method of Claim 17 wherein said step of computing the first  
2 correction term includes the step of operating the at least one Galois field multiply  
3 accumulator in a pass-through mode.

1 20. (Original) The method of Claim 14 wherein:  
2 the BCH code is a triple-error correcting code; and  
3 said calculating step calculates at least three minimum-degree polynomials.

1           21. (Original) The method of Claim 20 wherein said calculating step further  
2 includes the steps of:  
3           computing a first correction term using at least one of the Galois field multiply  
4           accumulators, the first correction term being equal to a first one of the  
5           syndromes;  
6           computing a second correction term using at least one of the Galois field multiply  
7           accumulators, the second correction term being equal to the sum of a  
8           product of the first syndrome with a second one of the syndromes, and a  
9           third one of the syndromes; and  
10          computing a third correction term using at least one of the Galois field multiply  
11          accumulators, the third correction term being based in part on coefficients  
12          of at least one of the minimum-degree polynomials.

1           22. (Original) The method of Claim 21 wherein said calculating step includes the  
2 step of determining whether the second correction term is equal to zero.

1           23. (Original) The method of Claim 22 wherein said calculating step equates a  
2 first one of the minimum-degree polynomials to a second one of the minimum-degree  
3 polynomials in response to a determination that the second correction term is equal to  
4 zero.

1           24. (Original) The method of Claim 21 wherein said calculating step includes the  
2 step of determining whether the third correction term is equal to zero.

1           25. (Original) The method of Claim 24 wherein said calculating step equates a  
2 first one of the minimum-degree polynomials to a second one of the minimum-degree  
3 polynomials in response to a determination that the third correction term is equal to zero.

1           26. (Original) The method of Claim 20 wherein there are exactly four of the  
2 Galois field multiply accumulators, and said calculating step includes the step of  
3 controlling inputs to the Galois field multiply accumulators using a state machine.

1           27. (Original) The method of Claim 26 wherein the Galois field multiply  
2 accumulators perform a Galois field multiply/accumulate operation in a single clock  
3 cycle.

1           28. (Original) A Galois field multiply accumulator comprising:  
2 a Galois field multiplier having two operand inputs and an output;  
3 a Galois field adder having two operand inputs and an output, said output of said  
4 Galois field multiplier being connected to a first one of said inputs of said  
5 Galois field adder;  
6 a first multiplexer having at least two inputs, a select line, and an output, said  
7 output of said first multiplexer being coupled to a first one of said inputs  
8 of said Galois field multiplier, a first one of said inputs of said first  
9 multiplexer being connected to a first data line, and a second one of said  
10 inputs of said first multiplexer being connected to a constant zero value;  
11 a second multiplexer having at least two inputs, a select line, and an output, said  
12 output of said second multiplexer being coupled to a second one of said  
13 inputs of said Galois field multiplier, a first one of said inputs of said  
14 second multiplexer being connected to a second data line, and a second  
15 one of said inputs of said second multiplexer being connected to a constant  
16 one value; and  
17 a third multiplexer having at least two inputs, a select line, and an output, said  
18 output of said third multiplexer being coupled to a second one of said  
19 inputs of said Galois field adder, a first one of said inputs of said third  
20 multiplexer being connected to a third data line, and a second one of said  
21 inputs of said third multiplexer being connected to a constant zero value.

1           29. (Original) The Galois field multiply accumulator of Claim 28 wherein said  
2 output of said Galois field adder is connected to a third one of said inputs of said first  
3 multiplexer.

1           30. (Original) The Galois field multiply accumulator of Claim 29 wherein said  
2 output of said Galois field adder is connected to a third one of said inputs of said third  
3 multiplexer.

1           31. (Original) The Galois field multiply accumulator of Claim 28 wherein said  
2 output of said Galois field adder is connected to a third one of said inputs of said third  
3 multiplexer.

1           32. (Original) The Galois field multiply accumulator of Claim 28 further  
2 comprising means for detecting a zero output of said Galois field adder.

1           33. (Original) The Galois field multiply accumulator of Claim 28 further  
2 comprising control means for activating said select line of said first multiplexer to enable  
3 a pass-through mode.

1           34. (Original) The Galois field multiply accumulator of Claim 33 wherein said  
2 control means further activates said select line of said third multiplexer to enable the  
3 pass-through mode.

1           35. (Original) The Galois field multiply accumulator of Claim 28 wherein said  
2 Galois field multiplier, said Galois field adder, and said first, second and third  
3 multiplexers are formed in a common application-specific integrated circuit.

1           36. (Original) A decoder circuit comprising:  
2 a plurality of syndrome inputs;  
3 a plurality of Galois field multiply accumulators; and  
4 means for using said Galois field multiply accumulators to generate an error  
5 polynomial based on values provided at said syndrome inputs.

1           37. (Original) The decoder circuit of Claim 36 wherein each of said plurality of  
2 Galois field multiply accumulators represents a different power of the error polynomial.

1           38. (Original) The decoder circuit of Claim 36 wherein said using means uses  
2       said Galois field multiply accumulators to generate an error polynomial for a Bose-  
3       Chaudhuri-Hocquenghem (BCH) triple-error correcting code.

1           39. (Original) The decoder circuit of Claim 36 wherein said using means  
2       includes a state machine which asserts control ports on said Galois field multiply  
3       accumulators to generate the error polynomial.

1           40. (Original) The decoder circuit of Claim 36 wherein said Galois field multiply  
2       accumulators perform a Galois field multiply/accumulate operation in a single clock  
3       cycle.

1           41. (Original) The decoder circuit of Claim 36 wherein said using means uses  
2       the Galois field multiply accumulators to calculate a plurality of minimum-degree  
3       polynomials associated with a Bose-Chaudhuri-Hocquenghem (BCH) code.

1           42. (Original) The decoder circuit of Claim 41 wherein said using means uses  
2       the Galois field multiply accumulators to calculate a plurality of coefficients of at least  
3       one of the minimum-degree polynomials.

1           43. (Original) The decoder circuit of Claim 41 wherein said using means extracts  
2       an error-generation polynomial from the syndromes based on no more than six equations  
3       having no more than two branch decisions executed by said Galois field multiply  
4       accumulators.

1           44. (Original) The decoder circuit of Claim 36 wherein said using means  
2       includes means for operating a selected one or more of said Galois field multiply  
3       accumulators in a pass-through mode.

1           45. (Original) The decoder circuit of Claim 36 wherein at least one of said  
2   Galois field multiply accumulators comprises:  
3           a Galois field multiplier having two operand inputs and an output;  
4           a Galois field adder having two operand inputs and an output, said output of said  
5           Galois field multiplier being connected to a first one of said inputs of said  
6           Galois field adder;  
7           a first multiplexer having at least two inputs, a select line, and an output, said  
8           output of said first multiplexer being coupled to a first one of said inputs  
9           of said Galois field multiplier, a first one of said inputs of said first  
10          multiplexer being connected to a first data line, and a second one of said  
11          inputs of said first multiplexer being connected to a constant zero value;  
12          a second multiplexer having at least two inputs, a select line, and an output, said  
13          output of said second multiplexer being coupled to a second one of said  
14          inputs of said Galois field multiplier, a first one of said inputs of said  
15          second multiplexer being connected to a second data line, and a second  
16          one of said inputs of said second multiplexer being connected to a constant  
17          one value; and  
18          a third multiplexer having at least two inputs, a select line, and an output, said  
19          output of said third multiplexer being coupled to a second one of said  
20          inputs of said Galois field adder, a first one of said inputs of said third  
21          multiplexer being connected to a third data line, and a second one of said  
22          inputs of said third multiplexer being connected to a constant zero value.

1           46. (Original) An OC-192 input/output card comprising:  
2           four OC-48 processors; and  
3           an OC-192 front-end application-specific integrated circuit (ASIC) connected to  
4           said four OC-48 processors, said OC-192 front-end ASIC having means  
5           for de-interleaving an OC-192 signal to create four OC-48 signals, and  
6           means for decoding error-correction codes embedded in each of the four



7 OC-48 signals, said decoding means including a plurality of Galois field  
8 multiply accumulators.

1 47. (Original) The OC-192 input/output card of Claim 46 wherein said Galois  
2 field multiply accumulators perform a Galois field multiply/accumulate operation in a  
3 single clock cycle.

1 48. (Original) The OC-192 input/output card of Claim 46 wherein said decoding  
2 means uses said Galois field multiply accumulators to generate an error polynomial for a  
3 Bose-Chaudhuri-Hocquenghem (BCH) triple-error correcting code.

1 49. (Original) The OC-192 input/output card of Claim 48 wherein each of said  
2 plurality of Galois field multiply accumulators represents a different power of the error  
3 polynomial.

1 50. (Original) The OC-192 input/output card of Claim 48 wherein said decoding  
2 means includes means for dividing a received code word in a given one of the OC-48  
3 signals by a minimal Galois polynomial, and evaluating a remainder from said dividing  
4 step

1 51. (Original) The OC-192 input/output card of Claim 48 wherein said decoding  
2 means locates errors by determining roots of the error polynomial which correspond to  
3 error locations.

1 52. (Original) The OC-192 input/output card of Claim 48 wherein said decoding  
2 means operates at least one of the Galois field multiply accumulators in a pass-through  
3 mode.

1 53. (Original) The OC-192 input/output card of Claim 48 wherein said decoding  
2 means calculates a plurality of minimum-degree polynomials associated with the BCH  
3 code, using the Galois field multiply accumulators.

- 1           54. (Original) The OC-192 input/output card of Claim 48 wherein said decoding
- 2 means includes a state machine which asserts control ports on said Galois field multiply
- 3 accumulators to generate the error polynomial.